

## What's Going On?

**Checking In**

**Minds on**

Standard Form Review

**Action!**

Intercepts

**Consolidation**

Graphing with Intercepts

**Learning Goal - I will be able to graph lines in Standard Form using intercepts.**

## Minds on

## L.G.L.

B4 U RAFT

Complete on yesterday's page as usual!

Find the slope and y-intercept of the line in standard form below.

$$-10x - 4y + 28 = 0$$

1. First, we move every term except the term with **they** in it to the **right side**.

OR.. move the term with the **y** in it to the right side.

$$-10x - 4y + 28 = 0$$

$$4y = -10x + 28$$

2. Next, we divide every term by the **coefficient on y** to get y by itself.

$$\frac{4y}{4} = \frac{-10x}{4} + \frac{28}{4}$$

$$y = -\frac{10}{4}x + 7$$

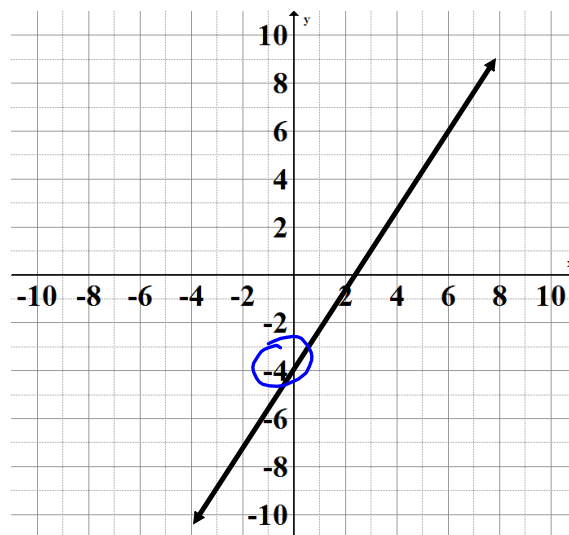
$$y = -\frac{5}{2}x + 7$$

$$\text{slope} = -\frac{5}{2}$$

$$y\text{-int} = 7$$

**Action!**

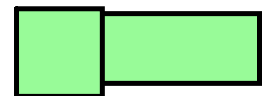
# y-intercept



$$y\text{-int} = -4$$

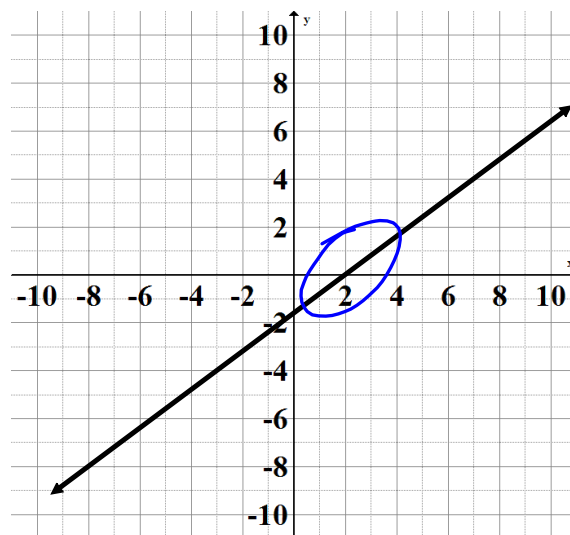
The y-intercept of a line is the y-coordinate of the point where a line crosses the y-axis.

At the y-intercept,  $x = 0$ .



**Action!**

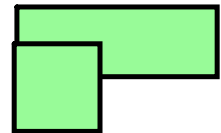
## x-intercept



$x\text{-int} = -2$

The x-intercept of a line is the x-coordinate of the point where a line crosses the x-axis.

At the x-intercept,  $y = 0$ .



**Action!**

# Intercepts

12                      8

Find the x-intercept and y-intercept of the line below.

$$4x + 6y - 48 = 0$$

To find the x-intercept

1. Sub in 0 for y.

$$4x + \cancel{6y} - 48 = 0$$

+48                      +48

$$4x = 48$$

$$\frac{4x}{4} = \frac{48}{4}$$

2. Solve for x.

$$x = 12$$

$$(12, 0)$$

To find the y-intercept

1. Sub in 0 for x.

$$\cancel{4x} + 6y - \cancel{48} = 0$$

+48                      +48

$$6y = 48$$

$$\frac{6y}{6} = \frac{48}{6}$$

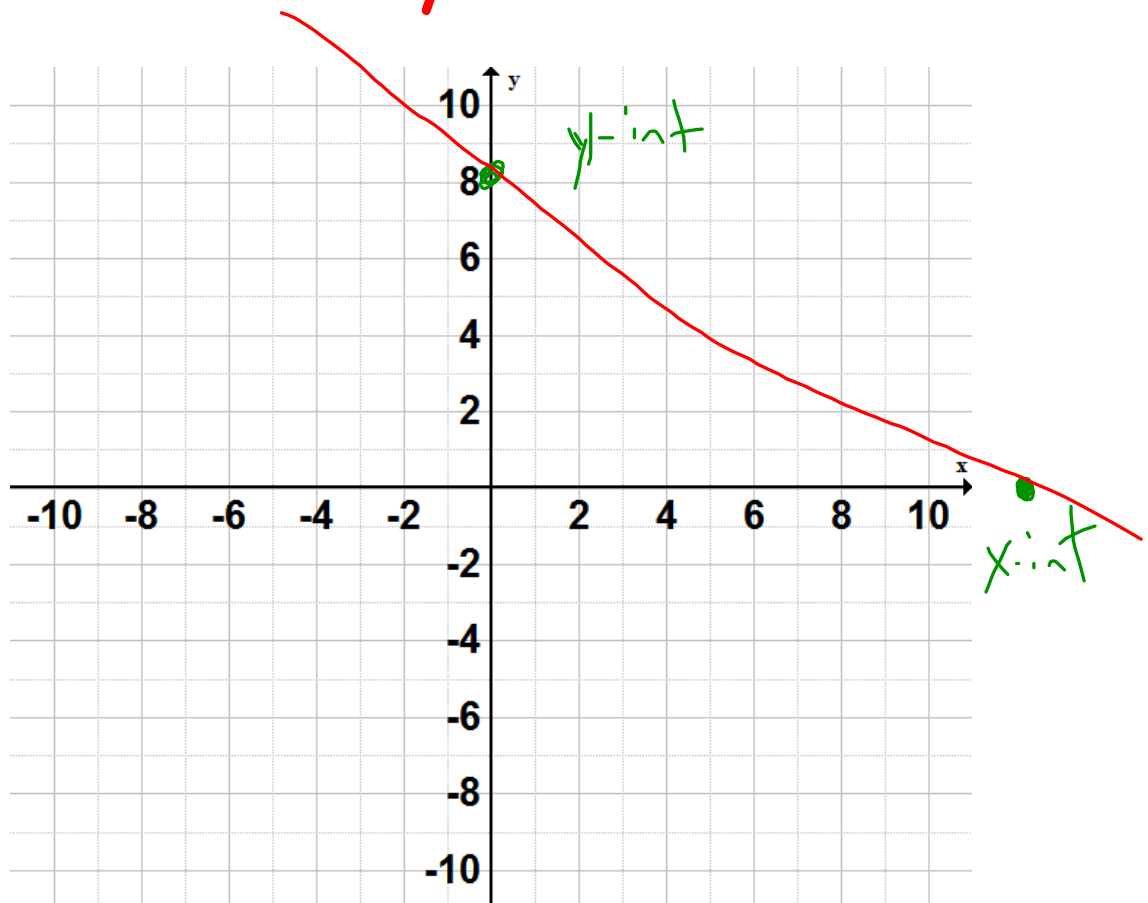
2. Solve for y.

$$y = 8$$

$$(0, 8)$$

Determine the x- and y-intercepts.

$$4x + 6y - 48 = 0$$



Determine the x- and y-intercepts.

$$3x - 2y + 19 = 0$$

x-intercept  $y=0$

$$3x - \cancel{2y} + 19 = 0$$

$$3x = -19$$

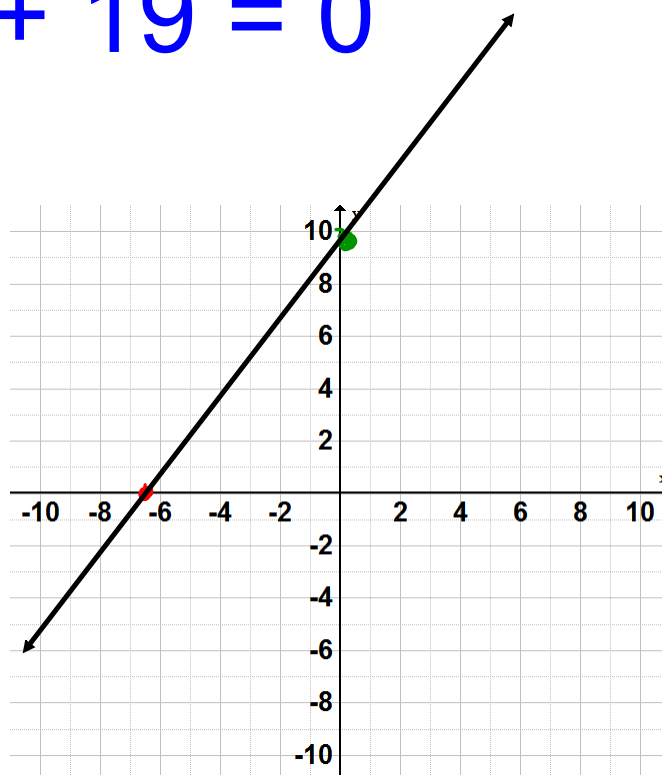
$$x = -6.\overline{33}$$

y-intercept  $x=0$

$$\cancel{3x} - 2y + 19 = 0$$

$$-2y = -19$$

$$y = 9.5$$



Determine the x- and y-intercepts.

$$-5x + 2y = -15$$

x-intercept  $y=0$

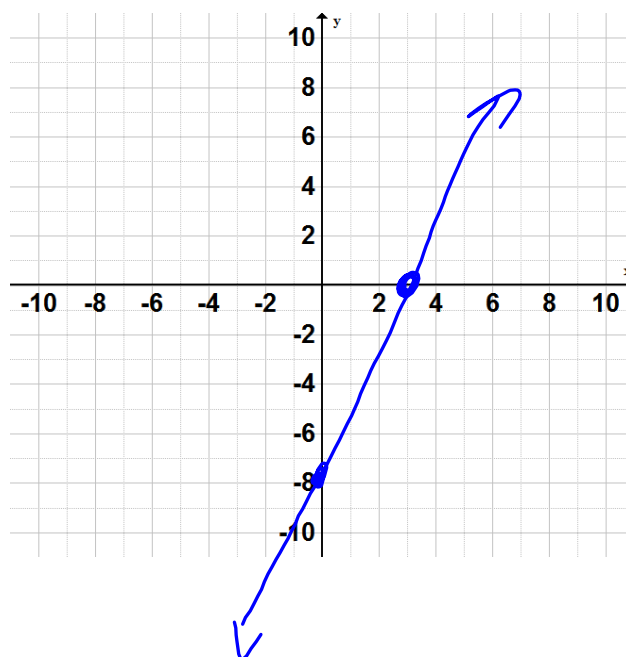
$$\frac{-5x + \cancel{2y} = -15}{\quad \quad \quad \underline{-5} \quad \quad \quad \underline{-5}}$$

$$x = 3$$

y-intercept  $x=0$

$$\frac{\cancel{-5x} + 2y = -15}{\quad \underline{2} \quad \quad \underline{2}}$$

$$y = -7.5$$





**Action!**

## Applying Intercepts Cnt'd

Determine the slope of the line whose x-intercept is -4 and y-intercept is -6.

In this case our points are the x-intercept and the y-intercept.

At the x-intercept,  $y = 0$ . So one of our points is  $(-4, 0)$

At the y-intercept,  $x = 0$ . So our other point is  $(0, -6)$

**Action!**

## Applying Intercepts

$$\frac{3}{2} \quad \left( -\frac{3}{2} \right)$$

Determine the slope of the line whose x-intercept is -4 and y-intercept is -6.

Remember that we can find the slope of a line given two points.

We just have to use the formula:  $m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$

Where  $(x_1, y_1)$  and  $(x_2, y_2)$  are our two points!

x-int  $(-4, 0)$

y-int  $(0, -6)$

$$\frac{-6 - 0}{0 - (-4)} = \frac{-6}{4} = -\frac{3}{2}$$

Determine the **slope y-intercept form equation** of the line with an x-intercept of -3 and a y-intercept of 7.

$$\begin{matrix} (0, 7) \\ x_2 & y_2 \end{matrix}$$

$$\begin{matrix} (-3, 0) \\ x_1 & y_1 \end{matrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} &= \frac{7 - 0}{0 - (-3)} \\ &= \frac{7}{3} \end{aligned}$$

$$y = \frac{7}{3}x + 7$$

## Consolidation

### Graphing Using Intercepts

Graph the line below by first finding the x- and y-intercepts. Then, determine the Slope y-Intercept form equation.

$$3x - 5y + 15 = 0$$

1. Find the x-intercept and y-intercept.
2. Plot the intercepts.
3. Draw the line connecting the two points.
4. Determine the slope.
5. Write the equation in  $y = mx + b$  form.