What's Going On?

Checking In

Minds on LGL

Action! Compound Interest

Consolidation Minding Your i's and n's

Learning Goal - I will be able to determine the value of investments earning compound interest.

Minds on

LGL

A \$2,500 credit card debt accrues \$82.15 in interest in a period of 60 days. What percent interest is being charged?

T-Pt

 $r = \frac{1}{2500 + (50)}$ $r = \frac{32.15}{2500 + (50)}$ r = 0.1999

Action!

Compound Interest

A Simple Interest Investment only earns interest on the Principal; that's bad!

A Compound Interest Investment pays interest on the total value of the investment (including interest earned); that's good!

Compound Interest June 01, 2015

Action!

Compound Interest

Compound Interest

Interest that is added to the principal *before* new interest earned is calculated. So interest is calculated on the principal *and* on interest already earned. Interest is paid at regular time intervals called the **compounding period**.

Compounding Period

The intervals at which interest is calculated; for example,

annually - 1 time per year

semi-annually - 2 times per year

quarterly - 4 times per year

monthly - 12 times per year

Action!

Compound Interest

What would be the total value of a \$10,000 initial investment that earned 3.25% **compound** interest for 5 years?

Hint: You may have to perform several calculations...

After Year 1
$$A = P(1+r)$$

$$A = 10000(1+0.0325)$$

$$A = 10,325$$

$$After Year 2$$

$$A = 10,325(1+0.0325)$$

$$A = 10,660.56$$

$$After Year 3$$

$$A = 10660.56(1+0.0325)$$

$$A = 1007.03$$



Compound Interest

What would be the total value of a \$P initial investment that earned i% **compound** interest for n years?

End of First Year

$$A = P + Pi$$

$$A = P(1 + i)$$

End of Second Year

$$A_2 = \left(P(1+i)\right)\left(\frac{1+i}{2}\right)$$

Az=P(1+i)2

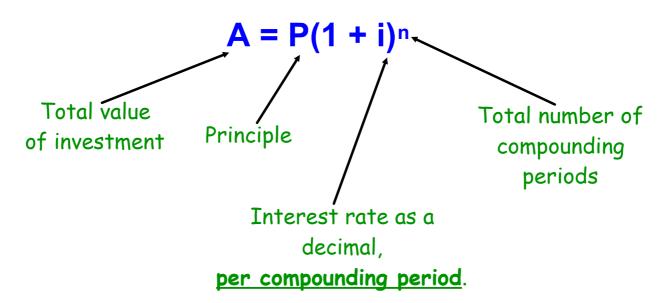
End of Third Year

$$A_3 = \left(P(1+i)\right) \left(1+i\right)^3$$

$$A_3 = \left(P(1+i)\right) \left(1+i\right)^3$$

Action!

The Compound Interest Formula

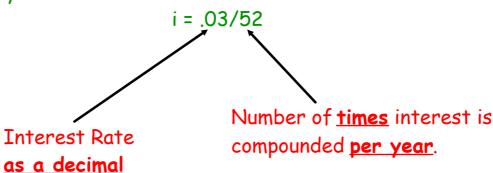


Minding Your i's and n's

To determine the value of i:

divide the interest rate by the number of compounding periods in a year

Example: If you invested \$2,500 at 3% interest compounded weekly for 3 years.



1=0.00059

Minding Your i's and n's

Example: If you invested \$ $\frac{3,000}{6}$ at $\frac{6}{3}$ % interest compounded $\frac{12}{12}$ for $\frac{12}{12}$ Number of times interest is compounded per year.

Minding Your i's and n's

To determine the value of n:

multiply the number of compounding periods in a year by the number of years the money is

invested

Example: If you invested \$2,500 at 3% interest compounded weekly for 3 years.

 $n = 52 \times 3$ $\sqrt{-150}$

Number of <u>times</u> interest is compounded <u>per year</u>.

Number of <u>years</u> money will be invested

Minding Your i's and n's

Example: If you invested $$\frac{3}{2}$	000 at%
interest compounded	foryears
n = 2 x	
Number of times interest 76 is compounded per year.	Number of years money will be invested

Example

You decide to invest \$5,000 for 3.5 years at 2.5% interest compounded monthly.

What is the total final value of your investment?

$$A = \frac{7}{12}$$
 $P = \frac{5,000}{12}$
 $1 = \frac{0.0021}{12}$
 $1 = \frac{12}{12}$
 $1 = \frac{$

Exit Question

You decide to invest \$15,000 at 4% interest compounded monthly. After 5 years, the interest rate changes to 3.25% compounded quarterly. You leave the investment for another 3 years. What is the total value of your investment after the full 8 years?

1. A mount after 5 years. 2. Calculate value with new conditions after another 3 years. X start with amount from 0

Exit Question

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What is the total value of your investment after the

full 8 years?

After first 5 years

After first 5 years

$$P = |5000|$$
 $A = |5000|$
 $A = |5000|$
 $A = |6000|$
 $A = |600$