

What's Going On?

Checking In

Homework Logs

Minds on

This is how we factor

Action!

Factoring Sort

Consolidation

So much practice!

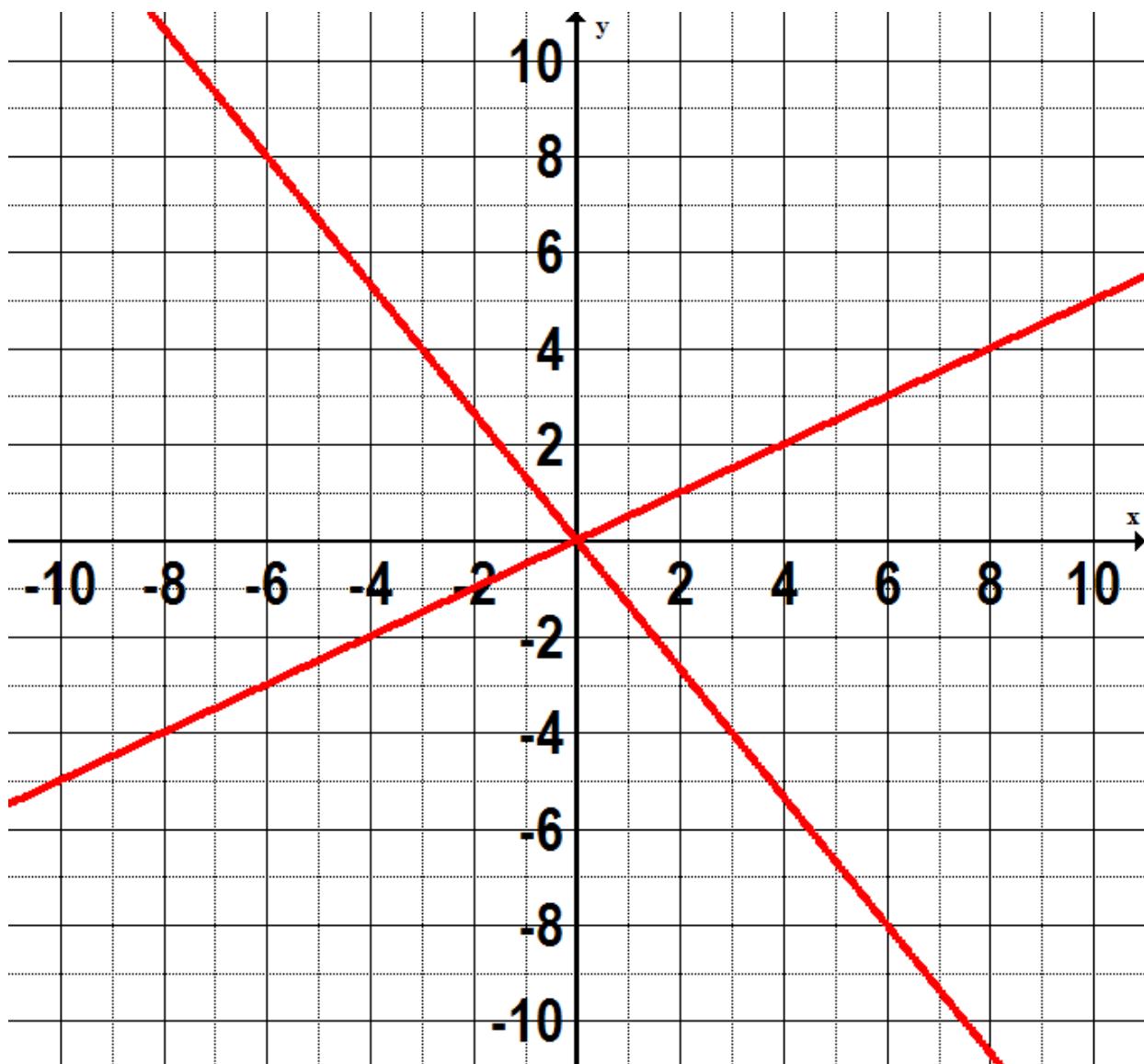
Learning Goal - I will factor. A lot!

Checking In**F.F.M.***Get your grid books.***Factor**

$$\begin{aligned} & \quad 4x^2 - \underbrace{5xy - 6y^2}_{\text{2\#s}} \\ &= 4x^2 - \underbrace{9xy + 3xy}_{\text{+}} - 6y^2 \\ &\quad X \rightarrow (4)(-6) \quad = 4x(x-2y) + 3y(x-2) \\ &\quad + \rightarrow (-5) \quad = (x-2y)(4x+3y) \end{aligned}$$

Factor

$$4x^2 - 5xy - 6y^2$$



Minds on

Paradoxical Factoring

Factor It!

$$\begin{aligned} & 5x(2 - x) + 4x(2x - 5) - (3x - 4) \\ &= 10x - 5x^2 + 8x^2 - 20x - 3x + 4 \\ &= 3x^2 - \underbrace{13x}_{\text{blue}} + 4 \\ &= 3x^2 - 12x - x + 4 \\ &= 3x(x - 4) - 1(x - 4) \\ &= (x - 4)(3x - 1) \end{aligned}$$

Action!

This is how we factor

Factor fully, where possible.

$$4t(t^2 + 4t + 2) - 2t(3t^2 - 6t + 17)$$

$$7x^2(x + 1) - x(x + 1) + 6(x + 1)$$

$$x^3 - x^2 - 4x + 4$$

$$4x^3 - 6x^2 + 2x$$

$$16a^2 - 80a + 100$$

$$x^2 + 81$$

$$-3x^8 + 768$$

Action!

This is how we factor

Factor.

$$4t(t^2 + 4t + 2) - 2t(3t^2 - 6t + 17)$$

1. Expand!

$$= 4t^3 + 16t^2 + 8t - 6t^3 + 12t^2 - 34t$$

2. Collect like terms!

$$= -2t^3 + 28t^2 - 26t$$

3. Common Factor

$$= -2t(t^2 - 14t + 13)$$

4. Factor the simple trinomial

$$= -2t(t - 1)(t - 13)$$

Action!

This is how we factor
Factor.

$$7x^2(x + 1) - x(x + 1) + 6(x + 1)$$
$$(x + 1)(7x^2 - x + 6)$$

that's it.
no numbers x to 42
and + to - 1

Action!

This is how we factor
Factor fully.

$$\begin{aligned} & \overbrace{x^3 - x^2}^{\text{Factor } x^2} - \overbrace{4x + 4}^{\text{Factor } 4} \\ &= x^2(x-1) - 4(x-1) \\ &= (x-1)(x^2 - 4) \\ &= (x-1)(x+2)(x-2) \end{aligned}$$

Action!

This is how we factor
Factor.

$$4x^3 - 6x^2 + 2x$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= 2x(2x^2 - \underline{3x} + 1) \\ &= 2x(2x^2 - 2x - 1x + 1) \\ &= 2x(2x(x-1) - 1(x-1)) \\ &= 2x(x-1)(2x-1) \end{aligned}$$

Action!

This is how we factor

Factor.

$$(4a-10)^2$$

$$16a^2 - 80a + 100$$

$$= 4(4a^2 - 20a + 25)$$

$$= 4(2a-5)^2$$

Same!

Although both answers are the same, we should ALWAYS common factor whenever we can. It makes for, in this case, a more simplified solution.

Action!

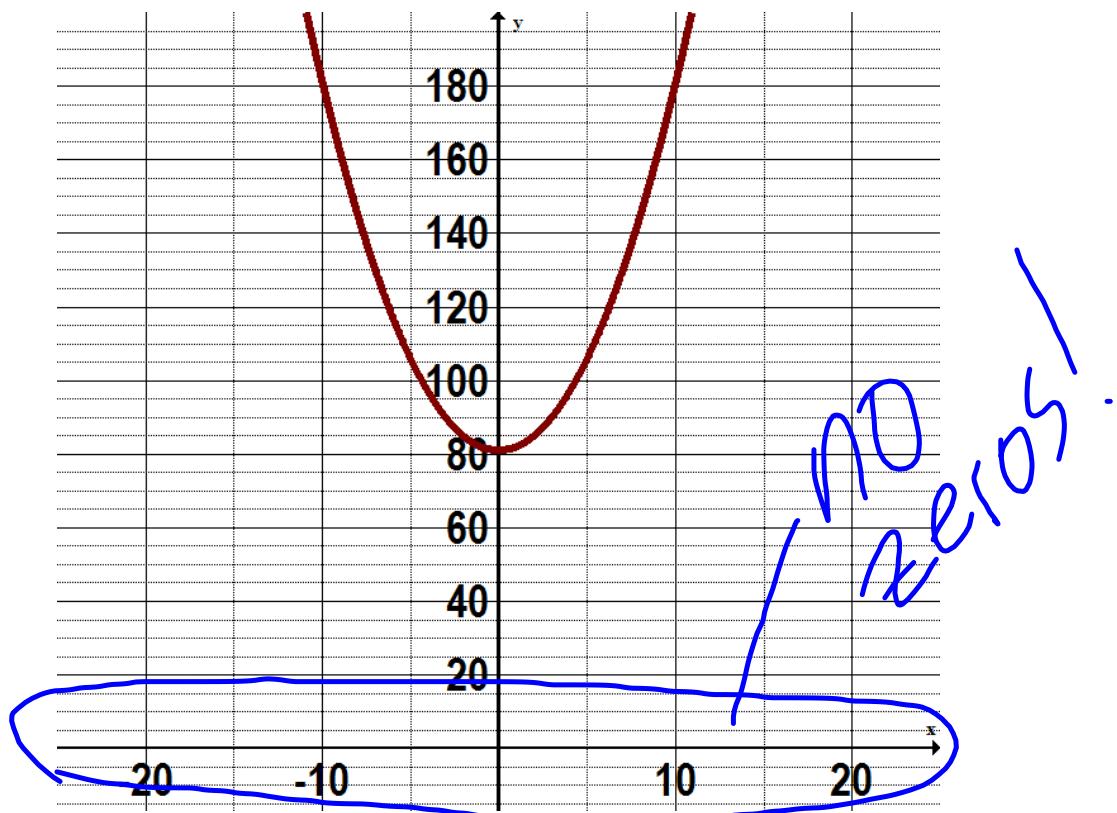
This is how we factor

Factor fully.

$$x^2 + 81$$

Cannot be factored!

What does this mean?



Action!

This is how we factor

Factor fully.

$$\begin{aligned} & -3x^8 + 768 \\ &= -3(x^8 - 256) \\ &= -3(x^4 + 16)(x^4 - 16) \\ &= -3(x^4 + 16)(x^2 + 4)(x^2 - 4) \\ &= -3(x^4 + 16)(x^2 + 4)(x+2)(x-2) \end{aligned}$$

So... what are the zeros?!

Action!

This is how we factor

Factor fully.

$$-3x^8 + 768$$

$$= -3(x^4 + 16)(x^2 + 4)(x+2)(x-2)$$



Consolidation

Factoring RE-Sort

Common Factor

Grouping

Simple Trinomial

Complex Trinomial

Difference of Squares

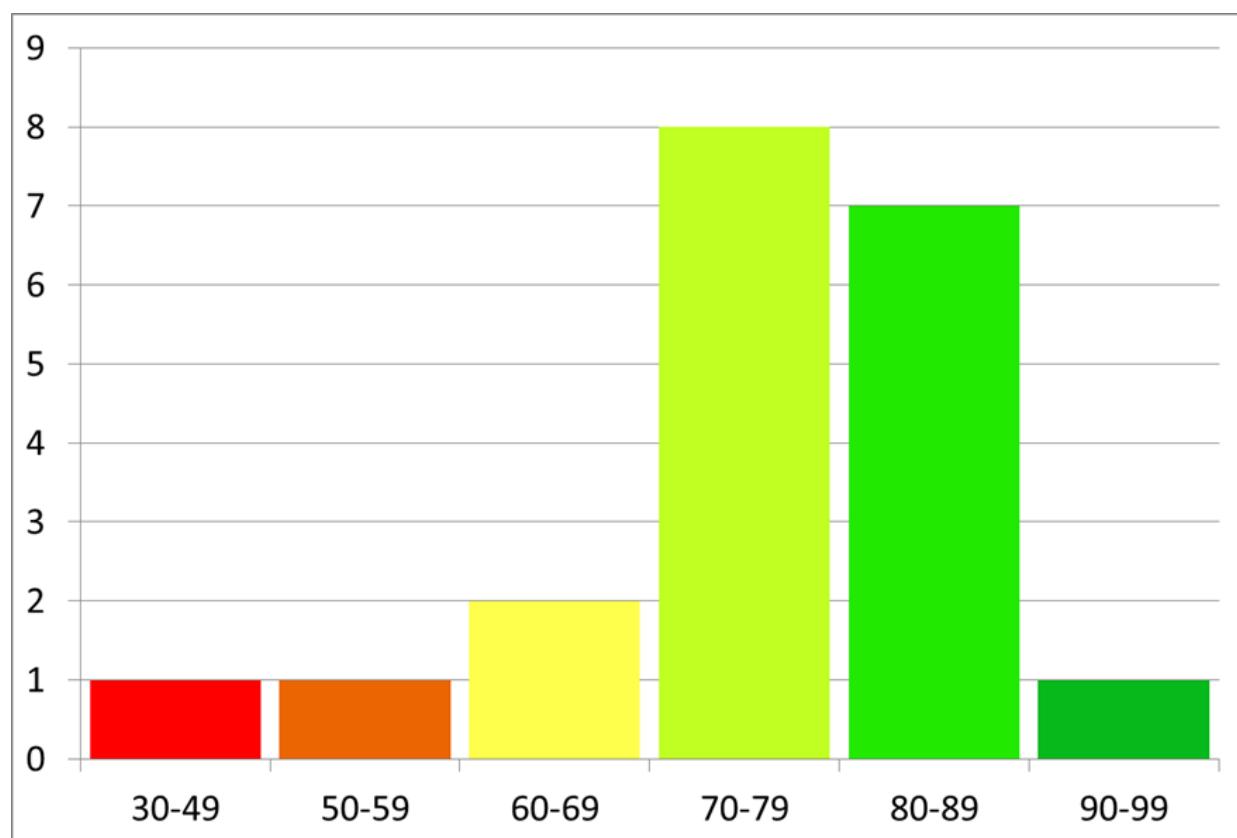
Perfect Square Trinomial

Consolidation

Homework!

gilbertmath.com

Test 1 – Mark Distribution



Unit 1 – Mark Distribution

